

HERBICIDE

Control tough broadleaf weeds in soybeans



Treated with 4.0 oz of Sonic® herbicide - Illinois (photo taken 8 weeks after application)

Control target weeds



lambsquarters



horseweed (marestail)





ragweed1, common & gian



morningglory

waterhemp

See reverse side for a comprehensive list of weed spectrum.



Product advantages

- Excellent broad-spectrum control of large- and small-seeded broadleaf weeds
- · Long-lasting residual performance allows for optimal timing of post applications
- Resistance management through two unique modes of action
- Wide application window: preplant to three days after plant, but prior to soybean cracking or emergence
- Outstanding crop safety

Protect yield potential

- Control weeds early to prevent yield-robbing competition
- Manage weeds preemergence before options become limited during post application
- · Apply a residual herbicide early to manage workload



6-8" of dense weed growth can cause 4-5 bushels of lost yield*

*Study by Southern Illinois University.

Application flexibility to fit your operation



Fall

up to 3 days post plant (prior to soybean cracking or emergence)

Application timing		Rates
Fall	Apply before tillage or no till	4 - 6 oz.
Spring	Apply early to manage workload and reduce weather variability	4 - 6 oz.
Planting + 3 days	Apply up to 3 days post planting to give beans a clean start	4 - 6 oz.

Weed Spectrum amaranth. Palmer

cocklebur, common

kochia

lambsquarters, common

horseweed (marestail)1

morningglories, annual

morningglory, ivyleaf

mustard, wild

nightshade species

pigweed species

ragweed, common¹ & giant¹

thistle, Russian

smartweed, Pennsylvania

sunflower, common

sedge, annual

velvetleaf

waterhemp, common & tall

¹Will not control ALS resistant biotypes of these weed species

Crop Rotation Interval soybeans anytime 4 months wheat 10 months corn (field, pop, seed) alfalfa, barley, cotton, 12 months dry shelled beans, oats, peanuts, rye, sorghum canola 24 months sugar beets, sunflowers, 30 months* tobacco

Tank-mix for enhanced burndown control

Easy to handle and provides good tank mix compatibility

Tank-mix Partner	Rate
Durango® DMA® herbicide	1.5 - 2 pt.
2,4-D	1 pt.

Tank-mix sequence procedures

- Fill tank half-full with liquid carrier, e.g. water or liquid fertilizer (if micronutrients are being used - add to the carrier at this time)
 Pre-slurry micronutrients in water if using liquid fertilizer as the carrier
- 2. Begin agitation
- **3.** Sonic and other Wettable Powders (WP)/Dry Flowables (WG): pre-slurry 5 minutes with a minimum of 1 gallon of water for each 7.5 lb. bottle of Sonic for use with fertilizer
- 4. Water conditioners
- 5. Compatibility agent (if needed)
- 6. Liquid flowables
- **7.** Emulsifiable Concentrate (EC) including 2,4-D ester¹ in a burndown, and Emulsion in Water (EW)
- 8. Soluible Liquids (SL)

Note: *If using paraquat containing product, add (NIS) to tank before adding paraquat product.

- Crop Oil Concentrate (COC), Non-Ionic Surfactant (NIS), Methylated Seed Oil (MSO) and other adjuvants or compatibility agents
- 10. Micronutrients
- 11. Top off with liquid carrier

For more information about Sonic herbicide visit **SonicHerbicide.com**, call 800-258-3033 or contact your local Corteva Agriscience territory manager.



^{*}Refer to Sonic label for additional crop rotation interval restrictions